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Bosnia-Herzegovina

FAIRS Export Certificate Report

Annual

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Report Highlights:

Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) requires various certificates for imported food products. However, there are no specific formats that exporters are required to use, except for phytosanitary certificates that should be in accordance with the International Plant Protection Convention (IPPC). Only the veterinary certificate needs to contain certain statements set by the State Veterinary Office (SVO). The SVO is also responsible for verifying specific requirements for importing live animals and products of animal origin. This report includes an Export Certificate matrix and a detailed outline of the content of each certificate. Sections updated: III, V, and VI.

Includes PSD Changes: No
Includes Trade Matrix: No
Annual Report
Rome [IT2]
[BK]

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Disclaimer:

"This report was prepared by the Office of Agricultural Affairs of the USDA/Foreign Agricultural Service in Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina for U.S. exporters of domestic food and agricultural products. While every possible care was taken in the preparation of this report, information provided may not be completely accurate either because policies have changed since its preparation, or because clear and consistent information about these policies was not available. It is highly recommended that U.S. exporters verify the full set of import requirements with their foreign customers, who are normally best equipped to research such matters with local authorities, before any goods are shipped. FINAL IMPORT APPROVAL OF ANY PRODUCT IS SUBJECT TO THE IMPORTING COUNTRY'S RULES AND REGULATIONS AS INTERPRETED BY BORDER OFFICIALS AT THE TIME OF PRODUCT ENTRY."

SECTION I. LIST OF EXPORT CERTIFICATES REQUIRED BY GOVERNMENT (MATRIX)

Product(s)	Title of Certificate	Attestation Required on Certificate	Purpose	Requesting Ministry
All Food Products	Health Certificate/Evidence of Sanitary Correctness	The food product is safe for human consumption	To certify food hygiene/safety	The Federation of BiH Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate ¹
All Food Products	Certificate/Evidence of Quality	Evidence of quality such as product composition, specification etc.	To certify food quality	The Federation of BiH Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate
All Live Animals and Animal Products	Veterinary Certificate	Depends on the specific requirements set by the State Veterinary Office	To certify that products are safe for animal and public health	The State Veterinary Office
All Plants and Plant Products	Phytosanitary Certificate	To certify that the product has been inspected according to appropriate procedures, considered to be free from quarantine pests and considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulations of the importing country.	To certify that products are safe for plant and public health	The Federation of BiH Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate

SECTION II. PURPOSE OF EXPORT CERTIFICATES

The health certificate/evidence of sanitary correctness attests to a product's safety for human consumption. The requiring authorities are the Federation Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate, or more precisely their Sanitary Inspection Departments.

The certificate/evidence of quality attests to the product's quality and to confirm that the product meets certain quality standards. The requesting authorities are the Federation Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate, or more precisely their Market Inspection Departments.

¹ Under the 1995 Dayton Agreement that ended the war Bosnia and Herzegovina (BiH) was divided into two Entities, the Federation of Bosnia and Herzegovina (mainly Muslims and Croats) and the Republika Srpska (mainly Serbs). The Entities are generally responsible for agriculture, while the food safety responsibility is shared with the state-level institutions (veterinary, phyto and food safety agencies). The entity inspectorates are responsible for border and in-land food control/inspection, excluding the state-level veterinary inspection.

The veterinary certificate is required for live animals, semen, embryo and egg cells, processed animal products, raw materials for processing, veterinary medicines and accessories, diagnostic kits and materials, animal feed and waste, and other products that might be carriers of animal disease and put animal and human health at risk. The certificate verifies the product's safety for animal and public health. The requesting authority is the State Veterinary Office of BiH.

The phytosanitary certificate certifies the health of all plants and plant products. The requesting authorities are the Federation Inspectorate and the Republika Srpska Inspectorate (Phytosanitary Inspection Departments).

SECTION III: SPECIFIC CERTIFICATIONS REQUIRED ON THE EXPORT CERTIFICATE

The certificate/evidence of sanitary correctness – there are no specific certifications required by the authorities, except that the product is fit for human consumption and meets the exporting country's safety requirements. There is no specific format requested, but it should be an original certificate signed by the official authority of the exporting country (e.g FDA) and translated into local language.

The certificate/evidence of quality - There are no specific certifications required by the authorities except for the standard quality certification used in international trade. However, the market inspection has the authority to sample and test imported products on a random basis, and if the product's quality does not meet the domestic standards, it will not be cleared and allowed to enter the market.

The veterinary certificate – The veterinary certificate should clearly identify the imported product, the means and route of transportation, the packaging, consignee and consignor, as well as insure clear epizootic/disease status of the country, state, premise, and the amount of the imported item. The State Veterinary Office (SVO) is responsible for the specific requirements for importing live animals and products of animal origin, and the veterinary certificate must attest that those requirements have been met; those requirements are not available in English, but the FAS office in Sarajevo can assist exporters with obtaining the certificates and translating them into English). No specific format is requested, but the certificate must be an original, issued by the exporting country's official authorities and it should be translated into the local language.

The phytosanitary certificate should be in accordance to International Plant Protection Convention recommendations. The certificate should contain the name and the address of the exporter, declared name and address of consignee, origin, means of conveyance, point of entry, packaging, name of produce, botanical name of plants, quantity, any treatments conducted such as disinfestations or disinfection treatments and should state that the product has been inspected according to appropriate procedures, considered to be free from quarantine pests and considered to conform with the current phytosanitary regulation of the importing country.

SECTION IV: GOVERNMENT CERTIFICATE LEGAL ENTRY REQUIREMENTS

An original document or a certified copy for a multiple shipment must accompany each shipment at the point of entry for each mode of transport, translated into the Bosnian language.

Imported products will be cleared of customs duties only upon presentation of all required certificates.

Phytosanitary certificates are valid for 15 days and veterinary certificates are valid for 10 days from the date of issuance. Certificates cannot be applied to multiple shipments.

Derogation of export certificates will occur if products contain biotech products or if the products' quality does not meet local regulations.

SECTION V: OTHER CERTIFICATION/ACCREDITATION REQUIREMENTS

Prior import approvals issued by the BiH State Veterinary Office (SVO) are required for live animals, fresh, chilled and frozen meat, veterinary medicines, eggs for reproduction, semen and inseminated egg cells. To import animals for reproduction, additional certificates/evidence regarding origin, production and reproductive value is required. Importers of semen should provide progeny test results.

Contact Information:

State Veterinary Office

Radiceva 8/II
7100 Sarajevo
Bosnia and Herzegovina
Tel. +387 33 258 840
Fax +387 33 265 620
E-mail: info@vet.gov.ba
<http://www.vet.gov.ba/>

For seeds, planting materials, and pesticides the Entities' Agricultural Ministries provide prior approvals/technical opinions based on presented health and quality certificates. Forms are available at the Ministries.

Contact Information:

Federation Ministry of Agriculture, Water Management and Forestry

Phytosanitary Department
Titova 15
71 000 Sarajevo
Tel. +387 33 214 247
Fax: +387 33 206 638
<http://www.fbihvlada.gov.ba/engleski/index.html>

Republika Srpska Ministry of Agriculture, Forestry and Water Management

Phytosanitary Department
Kralja Petra I Karadjordjevica 100
78000 Banja Luka
Tel: +387 051 338 397 and 338 398
Fax: +387 051 338 866
<http://www.vladars.net/lt/min/mps.html>
E-mail: mps@mps.vladars.net

Additional information can be obtained from:

BiH Plant Health Administration
Contact person: Ms. Sabaheta Cutuk
Trampina 4

71000 Sarajevo
Tel/fax: 00387 33 217 034
E-mail: scutuk@bih.net.ba

A GMO free certificate or a GMO-related statement included in the health certificate is often required for grains and similar products. That's because the food law, adopted in November 2004, introduced a moratorium on GMO imports because of the absence of a GMO regulatory authority and detailed regulations.

SECTION VI: OTHER RELEVANT REPORTS

[BK8006 FAIRS Country Report](#)

APPENDIX I. ELECTRONIC COPY OR OUTLINE OF EACH EXPORT CERTIFICATE

Because BiH accepts all kinds of export certificates, the post cannot provide digital copies. A detailed outline of the content of each certificate is provided under the Section III.